THE [*Numb.* 618.]

MARYLAND GAZETTE,

Containing the freſheſt Advices foreign and domeſtic.

THURSDAY, *March* 10, 1757.

Kent County, *March* 5, 1757.

Mr. *GREEN*,

WHAT the Public, as well as Individuals, have really ſuffered from the late extraordinary Deſertions, has been too often charged to Defects in our Laws, or the wanton Oppreſſion, or Negligence, of the Military Officers. It has been computed that 1500 Soldiers, in his Majeſty's Pay in *America*, have Deſerted ſince the diſaſtrous Defeat of General *Braddock*. Had theſe Men continued in their Duty, the laſt Campaign might have been as inglorious to the Enemy, as it was diſgraceful to us; and there would not have been the ſame irremediable Neceſſity for Inliſting Servants, by which many have been Diſtreſſed, and ſome poor Families totally Ruined.

How much it is the Duty and Intereſt of every one in his Sphere, to contribute, as much as he can, to a vigorous Proſecution of the neceſſary War we are engaged in for our own Preſervation: How much our Succeſs in it depends upon the immediate Execution of the Meaſures planned by the Wiſdom of our Councils: Of what pernicious Conſequence it muſt therefore be, to waſte our Time and Money, in inadequate Preparations, and the Inſtruction of Novices when the Seaſon calls for Action, to have our Armies weakened by Deſertions when the Banners of the Enemy are Diſplayed in the Field, and our Officers beating up for Recruits when they ſhould be leading Veterans to Battle; are Conſiderations which ought to animate every good Subject to *a diligent Enquiry after Deſerters*, and their *infamous Concealers*, and an inflexible Reſolution to bring to Puniſhment thoſe Spoilers of the Public Treaſure, and Betrayers of the Honour and Rights of their Country.

The Severity of the Military Law has been pleaded as an Excuſe for conniving at Deſertions; but this Tenderneſs, when it is not aſſumed (which is too often the Caſe) to palliate a baſe Gain, proceeds from an extreme Infirmity. It is for the moſt Part a proper Rule to determine the Character of our Conduct in reference to the Public, from the Conſequence of every Perſon's acting in the ſame manner in a ſimilar Inſtance; but let Him conſider, who offers this Excuſe, how fatal the Conſequence would be, if every one in his Situation, from the Dictates of the ſame Principle he confeſſes himſelf to be actuated by, ſhould hold the ſame Conduct.

The Magiſtrates, who are conveniently diſtributed in this Province, might with very little Trouble, by a proper Exertion of the Powers they are inveſted with by the *Mutiny Act*, and a prudent Countenance to Informers, Detect, and Recover to his Majeſty's Service, a great many Deſerters, and intimidate their Concealers by a few ſeaſonable Examples, from a Repetition of their Crimes ſo ſcandalous and deſtructive. In this Duty, I preſume, they might employ their Time as beneficially for the Public, as in Signing of Warrants againſt thoſe credulous Damſels who have been ſeduced by their faithleſs Paramours, or thoſe frail Ones whoſe chaſte Scruples it does not require much Sollicitation to remove.

The Facility with which they can eſcape from their Officers, and their Confidence of Security in their Concealments, have encouraged many to Deſert; but when the Soldiers ſee the Inhabitants deterred by a Dread of Puniſhment, from Harbouring them, and the Proſpect of Gain, and the Incitements of Duty, multiply their Purſuers, and invigorate their Endeavours to apprehend them, they will rather chuſe to ſubmit to the Strictneſſes of Diſcipline with Complacency, ſuſtain the Fatigue of Duty with Alacrity, and Face the Enemy with Reſolution, than lead a miſerable Life in perpetual Terror of being ſeized as Criminals, and ignominiouſly dragg'd to Puniſhment.

As there appear to me the ſtrongeſt Motives to execute with an unrelenting Rigour, thoſe Parts of the Act of Parliament *for Puniſhing of Mutiny and Deſertion*, which are relative to the Apprehenſion of Deſerters, and the Puniſhment of their Concealers, and as it may be of Uſe for this Purpoſe, to make them more generally Known, I have taken the Liberty of troubling you with ſome Extracts, and requeſt their Publication in your Gazette. *I am, &c.* A. B.

Extract from an Act of Parliament, Paſſed in the 27th Year of his preſent Majeſty's Reign; entituled,

" An Act for puniſhing Mutiny and Deſertion; " and for the better Payment of the Army and " their Quarters."

PARAGRAPH LI.

" AND whereas ſeveral Soldiers, being duly " liſted, do afterwards deſert, and are often found " wandering, or otherwiſe abſenting themſelves " illegally from his Majeſty's Service; it is here- " by further enacted, That it ſhall and may be " lawful to and for the Conſtable, Headborough, " or Tythingman of the Town or Place, where " any Perſon, who may be reaſonably ſuſpected " to be ſuch a Deſerter, ſhall be found, to ap- " prehend, or cauſe him to be apprehended, and " to cauſe ſuch Perſon to be brought before any " Juſtice of the Peace, living in or near ſuch " Town or Place, who hath hereby Power to " examine ſuch ſuſpected Perſon; and if by his " Confeſſion, or the Teſtimony of One or more " Witneſs or Witneſſes upon Oath, or by the " Knowledge of ſuch Juſtice of the Peace, it " ſhall appear, or be found, that ſuch ſuſpected " Perſon is a liſted Soldier, and ought to be with " the Troop or Company to which he belongs; " ſuch Juſtice of the Peace ſhall forthwith cauſe " him to be conveyed to the Goal of the County " or Place where he ſhall be found; or to the " Houſe of Correction, or other public Priſon " in ſuch Town or Place where ſuch Deſerter " ſhall be apprehended: And the Keeper of ſuch " Goal, Houſe of Correction, or Priſon, ſhall " receive the full Subſiſtence of ſuch Deſerter or " Deſerters, during the Time that he or they " ſhall continue in his Cuſtody, for the Main- " tenance of the ſaid Deſerter or Deſerters; but " ſhall not be intitled to any Fee or Reward, " on account of the Impriſonment of ſuch De- " ſerter or Deſerters; any Law, Uſage, or Cuſ- " tom to the contrary notwithſtanding.

PAR. LIII. " Provided always, That if any " Perſon ſhall harbour, conceal, or aſſiſt any " Deſerter from his Majeſty's Service, knowing " him to be ſuch; the Perſon ſo offending ſhall " forfeit for every ſuch Offence, the Sum of Five " Pounds, [*Sterling*]; or if any Perſon ſhall " knowingly detain, buy, or exchange, or other- " wiſe receive, any Arms, Clothes, Caps, or " other Furniture belonging to the King, from " any Soldier or Deſerter, upon any Account or " Pretence whatſoever, or cauſe the Colour of " ſuch Clothes to be changed; the Perſon ſo " offending ſhall forfeit, for every ſuch Offence, " the Sum of Five Pounds, [*Sterling*]; and upon " Conviction by the Oath of One or more credi- " ble Witneſs or Witneſſes, before any of his " Majeſty's Juſtices of the Peace, the ſaid reſpec- " tive Penalties of Five Pounds, and Five Pounds, " ſhall be levied, by Warrant under the Hands " of the ſaid Juſtice or Juſtices of the Peace, by " Diſtreſs and Sale of the Goods and Chattels " of the Offender; One Moiety of the ſaid firſt- " mentioned Penalty of Five Pounds to be paid " to the Informer, by whoſe Means ſuch Deſerter " ſhall be apprehended; and One Moiety of the " ſaid laſt-mentioned Penalty of Five Pounds to " be paid to the Informer; and the Reſidue of " the ſaid reſpective Penalties to be paid to the " Officer, to whom any ſuch Deſerter or Soldier " did belong: And in caſe any ſuch Offender, " who ſhall be convicted, as aforeſaid, of har- " bouring or aſſiſting any ſuch Deſerter or De- " ſerters; or having knowingly received any " Arms, Clothes, Caps, or other Furniture be- " longing to the King; or of having cauſed the " Colour of ſuch Clothes to be changed, con- " trary to the Intent of this Act, ſhall not have " ſufficient Goods and Chattels, whereon Diſtreſs " may be made, to the Value of the Penalties re- " covered againſt him for ſuch Offence, or ſhall " not pay ſuch Penalties within Four Days after " ſuch Conviction; then, and in ſuch Caſe, ſuch " Juſtice of the Peace ſhall and may, by War- " rant under his Hand and Seal, either commit " ſuch Offender to the Common Goal, there to " remain without Bail or Mainprize for the Space " of Three Months, or cauſe ſuch Offender to be " publicly whipt, at the Diſcretion of ſuch Juſ- " tice."

BERLIN, December 11.

THE King has ſent to all his Miniſters at foreign Courts, the following Memorial: " It would be in vain to give a particular Anſwer to all the Falſhoods and Exaggerations that are publiſhed in foreign Gazettes, concerning the preſent Situation of Saxony, and the pretended Oppreſſion under which it labours. What is done there is evident to all who have Eyes to ſee; and we cannot expect to convince ſuch as are blinded by their Paſſions. We have nevertheleſs thought proper to obſerve, that thoſe bitter Complaints which ſeem to proceed from a People ſunk into the deepeſt Diſtreſs, are only the Murmurs of certain Perſons, who conſider nothing but their own Self-Intereſt, and have no Knowledge of, or pay no Regard to, the Good of their Country. The Traders of one ſingle Town are the odious Trumpeters who publiſh theſe falſe Reports, becauſe their Profits ſuffer at preſent ſome Diminution. They don't trouble their Heads about the Oppreſſion of others, whilſt they are ſupported by the Favour of a partial Miniſter, and are not diſturbed in the Poſſeſſion of that Monopoly which they have ſo long held to the Prejudice of the other Towns of Saxony, who will bear Witneſs to the Truth of what is here advanced. We have had frequent Occaſion, during the Courſe of this War, to be ſurpriſed at their Impudence and Inſolence: It is Time that Bounds were ſet to them.

" The King of Pruſſia is not an Enemy to Saxony, and hath not acted towards it as an Enemy. The Country will ſoon be convinced of this: Every true Patriot is ſo already. The Inconveniencies that are inſeparable from a lawful War will never do it ſo much Damage as the Rapine of a Miniſter who hath ſucked its beſt Blood, and hath been the ſole Cauſe of its Sufferings. But what are theſe Sufferings? Where are theſe Extortions, the Acts of Violence, and the Outrages? Let the frightful Deſolations occaſioned by almoſt every War be called to Mind. When the French in the laſt Century, ravaged the Palatinate with Fire and Sword, had they ſuch Reaſons as the Pruſſians might alledge, if they had a Mind to follow their Example? Have the Saxons met with ſuch mild Treatment from their Friends, from their zealous Defenders the Auſtrians, every Time they entered their Country? Put it in their Option, whether to receive ſuch Friends as they were, or continue to lodge ſuch Enemies as the Pruſſians; they will not heſitate about the Determination. Bohemia itſelf, if it dared to ſpeak, would make the ſame Choice.

" Let then the World be no longer impoſed upon by artful Clamours, which, as we have already

ready obſerved, take their Riſe from one Place alone, from one ſingle Order of Perſons, who think all is loſt, when their vile, ſordid, private Intereſt ſuffers. There is no Country or Town in the World, which would not, if threatned with the terrible Calamities of War, wiſh to fall into the Hands of ſuch a Prince as the King of Pruſſia, or ſuch an Army as the Pruſſian Army. After this, it will not ſeem ſurprizing that Perſons, who have no Perception of theſe Truths, reject the Writings, the Memorials, on which they are eſtabliſhed; or they ſhould ſay, that a new Law of Nations is going to be introduced; and that they ſhould make no Anſwer to Demonſtrations, but by Invectives."

Paris, November 1. Can we believe (ſay the Parliament of Toulouſe, in their Remonſtrances to the King of the 27th of September), that the enormous Produce of the twentieth Penny, ſince the Peace, was not ſufficient to diſcharge the national Debt? No; this Impoſt, which like a Conflagration devours every Thing in its Progreſs, and which hath already been increaſed to be almoſt equal to the tenth Penny, ſupported by that noble Œconomy whereby great Princes gain themſelves Honour, removes from you and your People the Neceſſity of freſh Supplies.

Be pleaſed, Sire, be graciouſly pleaſed to conſider their Diſtreſs; you can do every Thing, but they cannot perform Impoſſibilities. What Burthens have been heaped upon them! The *Tailles*, which take great Part of their Eſtates; the Capitation, that Impoſt of Servitude, which Means were found to eſtabliſh at a Time of extreme Neceſſity; but which even the Glory of our Kings is concerned to aboliſh for ever; the hundredth Penny, which often abſorbs the cleareſt Rent of an Inheritance; the *Droits de Controles*, of which the Tariff is ſo obſcure, and the Laws relating to it ſo uncertain, that they daily authoriſe the moſt grievous Extortions; the Clergy's Tythes, ſo ſcrupulouſly exacted; the *Rentes Fonacres*, the *Donanes*, the *Octrois* formerly granted to the Cities for their Relief, but now become the fruitful Seeds of much Vexation and Abuſe.

Beſides theſe Burthens, common to all the People within our Juriſdiction, Languedoc has ſome peculiar to itſelf: The Equivalent, which renders the Conſumption of Wine and Proviſions ſo dear; the *Leudes* of which ſo ſhameful a Traffic is made; the *Gabelles*, which make ſuch a ſtrong and odious Difference between the Subjects of the ſame King. In ſhort, Sire, every poſſible Species of Duties and Impoſts are accumulated upon your Subjects. The Country People ſink under them. Nothing favours them, every Thing concurs to oppreſs them. Beſet with legal Demands and undue Exactions, they ſee the Fruits of Tillage and Induſtry vaniſh out of their Hands. They would think themſelves happy, if they could keep for themſelves a Portion equal to the Tenth that is expected from them.

We declare it with Horror to your Majeſty, that the tenth Penny will give the finiſhing Blow to Agriculture: It declines daily. It is in vain to be buſied about improving it, when it is almoſt deſtroyed. The Miniſters who approach your Perſon are deceived by curious Speculations. The Machines preſented to your Majeſty, and the Experiments made in your Preſence, will not Till our Lands. Our Fields are not to be judged of by the Park of Verſailles. Give them Labourers, we will anſwer for the Harveſt. If a Scarcity often happens, it is becauſe the Huſbandmen are diſcouraged. They no longer ſow or reap for themſelves; and how ſhould they if they had a Mind? They are taken from the Plough to be employed whole Months on the Roads, and treated with leſs Commiſeration than Felons, being denied the Allowance which thoſe enjoy. Languedoc is, GOD be thanked, exempted from that inhuman Labour; but in the other Provinces of our Juriſdiction it is carried to the greateſt Exceſs. The Groans uttered by the Corvees (Men compelled by Statute to work on the Roads) are heard from every Corner: They would have reached the Throne had they not been ſtifled by barbarous Voices. Our Remonſtrances will not have that Fate. Being addreſſed to faithful Miniſters, they will be delivered to your Hands. You will know, Sire, that there are Corvees, and there will no longer be any.

Magdeburg, Nov. 27. The Auſtrian Pandours and Huſſars continue to haraſs the Pruſſians in their Winter Quarters: His Pruſſian Majeſty has therefore taken an Opportunity of making Proof of the Zeal and Courage of the Saxons againſt them, and accordingly ordered five Squadrons of Saxon Horſe to attack 2000 of the Auſtrians, under the Eye of a larger Body of Pruſſians, which they executed with ſo much Bravery that the Auſtrians were intirely put to the Rout. His Majeſty, in Conſequence of this Action, has graciouſly rewarded their Commander with 1000 Rix-Dollars, the inferior Officers in Proportion, and to every private Man preſented a Ducat.

FROM A LATE PAPER.

A COPY of the following came into my Hands by Accident, and as it is wrote in the true Gallican Stile, may perhaps afford ſome ſmall Entertainment to your Readers; 'twas wrote by the Colonel of a Regiment now in Garriſon at Fort St. Philip's to his Friend in Paris; it may perhaps be needleſs to obſerve, that from the Gentleman's Name we may conclude he was born on the Banks of the Garonne, which is allowed to be the Nurſery of Heroes; his Manner of Writing would indeed have juſtified that Conjecture, even if he had not ſubſcribed himſelf De Puffacrac. Yours, &c. P. L.

My Dear Friend,

OUR Army has performed Wonders; but that is no Wonder; it would indeed have been a Wonder if they had not. To Men accuſtomed to Conqueſt and Glory, nothing ſeems difficult; they behaved on this glorious Occaſion with an Ardour becoming Frenchmen; ſo uncommonly brave, as if the Diadem which adorns his Majeſty's Brows (or rather indeed receives its Luſtre from them) was to have been the Reward of each Man's Valour; a Corporal in the Regiment I have the Honour to Command, gave, on the Day of the general Aſſault, the moſt ſingular Proof of Heroiſm that perhaps this or any Age has ſeen; a Cannon Ball having carried off his Head, he lay ſtretched among the Slain; his Comrade and Companion in Glory, who ſaw him fall, was lamenting his Fate; *Courage, my Friend*, ſaid the Corporal, *the Loſs of a Head is but a Trifle in Compariſon to the Glory we ſhall reap on this Occaſion; had I Ten Thouſand, I ſhould loſe them all without murmuring; Oh! for one Hour more of Life to ſee this important Fortreſs added to our Monarch's other Conqueſts; I envy you the Happineſs of Life, not for the Sake of a few trifling Moments which ſoon vaniſh, but for the Laſting, the everlaſting Honour which muſt Crown this glorious Day; but that I may not be without ſome Share of Glory, here take my Head, and I conjure you do not refuſe your Friend this his laſt Requeſt.*

The other promiſed he would religiouſly perform whatever he ſhould deſire; then ſaid he eagerly, *My Friend, I may perhaps even yet do ſome little Service to his Majeſty.* The Surgeon who ſtood by, and from whom I have this Relation, knowing the Danger to which a Man is expoſed in this warm Country, without a Head, deſired he would be ſpeedy in his Demand, for his Caſe was extremely dangerous. *I know it Sir*, ſaid the Corporal, *I am not weak enough to believe I ever can recover, or if I ſhould, alas! Of what Service can I be to my Country without a Head.* The Surgeon endeavoured to comfort him, by aſſuring him there were many Countries, but eſpecially in E------, it was common to give the Direction of public Affairs to ſuch People: *Alas!* ſaid the Corporal, *'tis in vain to flatter me, I feel myſelf going, my Deſire then is this, that you would ram my Head into a Cannon, and fire it at the Enemy; it may perhaps do Execution, ſo I ſhall be revenged of our Enemies, and triumph in my Death; Farewell, live and conquer.* ——He would have ſaid more, but the Chaplain inſiſted on his being buried immediately. Thus died a Man worthy of a better Fate, and a higher Station. Let the Manner of his Death convince the Enemies of France, that a Zeal for the Honour of their King, a Thirſt of Glory, and an unbounded Love of France, are the true Characteriſtics of a Frenchman.

LONDON, *December* 23.

THEY write from Prague, that Marſhal Count Brown has left, on the Frontier of Saxony, no more Detachments than are neceſſary for obſerving the Diſpoſitions of the Pruſſians, and giving an Account of their Motions: As he commiſerates the Condition of the Saxons, he would rather contribute to make their Burthen lighter, than to increaſe their Hardſhips by continuing a ſkirmiſhing War, which would be of no real Advantage to either Party. But whilſt he recalled Part of the Troops from thence, he reinforced the Detachments diſtributed along the Frontier of Sileſia, where the Huſſars, Croats, and Pandours, make frequent Incurſions, even as far as the advanced Poſts of the Pruſſians.

Extract of a Letter from Leghorn, Nov. 22, 1756.

"*The News we have to recommend to you, relating to Capt. Wright, is of his further Succeſs in the Capture of another Prize, which he has ſent into Cagliari; we got the Notice the Day before Yeſterday by a Veſſel from thence, particularizing her Cargo to conſiſt from* 4 *to* 5000 *Sacks of Wheat, which we compute to be worth* 9000 *l. Pray GOD continue his Proſperity, and preſerve him from his cruel Enemies; we may uſe this Phraſe, as we have Advice from Marſeilles, that two Ships of* 20 *Guns, and a Settee of equal Force, and all well armed, are there fitting out, purpoſely for him, with Orders to give him no Quarter, but burn him on board. We are ſorry to give you this Alarm, but a French Gentleman, a Friend of ours, is now in our Houſe, and confirms every Particular. We have to add, the diſagreeable Situation we are all in, and the miſerable State of our Trade, the French Privateers in theſe Seas being innumerable.*"

By the laſt Ship that came from the Eaſt-Indies, we have an Account of the Detection of a Parcel of Chineſe Coiners in Batavia, in a very ſingular Manner. The Cuſtom of Coining of bad Money among the Chineſe Inhabitants has been long carried on; no leſs than ten in five Years paſt having been convicted of this Crime, and burnt or hanged for the ſame, and amongſt the Reſt a Japaneſe, who was burnt alive for coining of Ducatoons. A Gang of theſe Coiners occupying a little Houſe among their Countrymen, the Maſter or Principal, happened to be ſtanding at his Door when the Civil Officers came that Way in order to look after a Thief; the Chineſe, however, conſcious of his Guilt, and of the Employment of his Companions within, who were actually buſy in Coining, no ſooner ſaw the Officers, than thinking they were coming to him, he took to his Heels, and throwing himſelf into the Canal, ſwam a-croſs and eſcaped; on which the Officer ſuſpecting ſome Roguery, went directly into the Houſe and took the whole Company, who not apprized of the Affair, were taken with their Tools and Inſtruments.

Some few Weeks ago, a Rectangular Sign-Board was put up by a Watch-Maker in the High-Street of the City of Oxford; on one Side of which there is literally the following whimſical Inſcription:

Here—are Fabricated and Renovated, Trochiliac Horologes Portable and Permanent, Linguacu-lous or Taciturnal; Whoſe Circumgyrations are performed by internal Spiral Elaſticks, or external Pendulous Plumbages; DIMINUTIVES Simple or Compound, inveſted with Aurum or Argent Integuments.

On the other Side:

Here—Sons of Science & the MUSE's Friend,
May find a YOUNGER-BROTHER to Attend,
Who humbly hopes He may their WATCHES mend.

Since the putting up of theſe Inſcriptions, ſome Attempts having been made to deface them, or pull down the Sign, the Proprietor next Day ſtuck up the following Caveat at his Shop Window.

WHEREAS, an Attempt
Was made laſt Night about the Hour of Twelve,
To ſtorm the Horn-Work of this CASTLE,
By four battering——Blunderbuſſes,
(Enemies to Wit and Humour,)
Without any previous Declaration of War;
FRIENDLY NOTICE
Is hereby given,
That the Owner will defend
His Property with Artillery.
Therefore,
BEWARE.

CHARLES-TOWN, South-Carolina, February 3.

Letters from New-Providence adviſe, that on the 21ſt ult. arrived there Captain Geary from Antigua, and brought an Account, "That juſt before he ſailed from thence, a Man of War of 20 Guns, in 27 Days from England, touched there, ſent Expreſs from Admiral Knowles, to inform the ſeveral Governors in the Weſt-Indies, that 7 Sail of French Men of War, with ſeveral Tranſports, having 1500 Land Forces on board, might be expected to attack ſome of our Colonies in thoſe Parts, as he had diſcovered by Letters on board a French Ship then juſt taken: And that to prepare them for their Reception, he (the Admiral) ſent that timely Notice, by the Expreſs, immediately upon his coming at the Intelligence: That the Man of War did not anchor

at

t Antigua, but proceeded to the other Islands: And that General Thomas, upon receiving the Advice, immediately dispatched a Schooner to Admiral Frankland.

ANNAPOLIS, *March* 10.

Saturday last an Express came to Town from his Excellency our Governor; and the General Assembly of this Province (which was to have met here this Day) is Prorogued to the 28th of this Instant.

The Naval-Officers of this Province have Orders to Clear out no Vessel whatever, for any Port; and we hear that like Orders are given in all the other Governments.

We have certain Information that a few Days ago, Seventeen of the *Cherokee Indians*, part of a Party of Forty, brought into *Augusta* in *Virginia*, Five Scalps of the Enemy, and one *French* Lad about 16 Years old, a Prisoner; and it is said, they gave an Account that the Remainder of the Party were coming in, with Scalps and Prisoners.

Thursday last Died here, of the Small-Pox, aged 22 Years, Mr. WILLIAM SLIGH, Clerk of this City, and of the Provincial Court; who has left a forrowful young Widow, and one Infant, to lament a tender Husband and Parent. Mr. *Sligh* was Inoculated for the Small-Pox; but as he was taken Ill with the Fever on the Fourth Day after Inoculation, it is more than probable he had before taken the Infection.

As almost all the Inhabitants of this City, who were liable to that Distemper, have either had it, or are now down with it, we hope in a very little Time the Town will be quite clear of it, and Business be carried on as usual.

This Day a Negro Wench named *Fida*, belonging to *Ephraim Gover* of *Herring-Bay*, was Tried at the County Court, for attempting to Poison her Master and a Negro Man, found Guilty, and received Sentence of Death.

We gave our Readers, in Gazette, N°. 614, *an Account of the taking* Angria's *Dominions, &c. since which we have the following further Account, of the immense Treasure taken, in an Abstract of a Letter from an Officer on board the* Tyger *Man of War, in* Bombay *Harbour, to his Friend in* Dublin, *dated* March 11, 1756.

" We had sent on board of us the Day before we sailed from *Gerya*, 84 Boxes of Money, 224 Bales of Goods, 6 Chests of wrought Plate, and 6 *Arabian* Horses; the Bridgwater had Money and Goods also. Before our Departure from *Gerya*, we sold 4 Elephants to Roinmage-Pont, the Maratta General, for 100,000 *l.* and we have heard since we arrived, that the Admiral has found two Tons of Gold, one of Silver, two Tons and a Half of Elephants Teeth, and one Ton of Quick-Silver, besides several Bales of rich Goods. The Money, we brought here with us weighed 10 Tons. You must know that *Angria* was trapanned in a most treacherous Manner by the *Maratta*'s, and made their Prisoner, who have continually threatened to cut his Head off, in order to extort a Confession from him where his Riches lie concealed, which makes them very desirous of our quitting the Garrison, in Hopes of possessing themselves of it; but I am fully convinced, Admiral *Watson* will not leave one Stone unturned to find all the Treasure before he quits the Place; and I am credibly informed, *Angria* has wrote privately to the Admiral, that as he hath used his Wives and Children with so much Clemency and Humanity (who are in our Possession) it would give him great Pleasure to be his Prisoner; and that if he would demand him from the *Maratta* General, he would discover to him where all his Riches are conceal'd.

" In Consequence thereof, Admiral *Watson* has demanded him, but the *Maratta* General has refused to deliver him up, or even to supply the Admiral with Water or fresh Provisions; so that till he does give him up, we shall keep Possession of the Fort; and most People imagine we shall make War against the *Maratta*'s, our present Allies. It is believed, that in Case the Admiral can get *Angria* from the *Maratta*'s, he will bring him, his Wives and Children, to *Europe* with him, and sell the Fort to the *Maratta*'s, as he promised them he would do before he attack'd it. We here imagine, that this Prize will be more considerable than Lord *Anson*'s. Perhaps it will not be amiss to give you some Account of this famous Pyrate: Know then that *Angria*'s Great Grand-Father was a General under the Great Mogul, and in going one of his annual Rounds, as is customary in these Parts, to levy the Taxes for his Emperor, he found he had a powerful Army, and a sufficient Sum of Money, to take upon himself the regal Authority: In Consequence of which he shook off his Allegiance, and took Possession of *Gerya*, and as he became more formidable, he began the *honest* Trade of Pyracy, which was carried on by his Son, Grandson, and this present *Angria*, till this his fatal Downfall; who entered into Treaties, and received Ambassadors with as much Pomp, Punctuality, and Grandeur, as any Prince in the known World."

LETTERS brought to the Post-Office at ANNAPOLIS, *since the publishing the last* LIST.

MR. *David Arnold, Lower-Marlborough,*	*N. Y.*	3/4
Mr. *Thomas Baden, Nottingham,*	*N. Y.*	1/8
Mr. *Charles Brown, Wye-River,*	*N. Y.*	2/0
Mr. *Henry Callister, Oxford,*	*N. Y.*	1/8
Sir *Nicholas Carew,* & Comp. at their Iron-Works,	*V.*	1/3
Capt. *Geo. Davie,* of the *Frisby,*	*P.*	2/10
Mr. *Abraham Davis, Cæcil,* to the Care of *Hugh Crte,*	*P.*	1/3
Mr. *Josias Edword In the County of Cent In myery Land to be put on bord the brg Martha Commanded by Abygah Stodard Bound to myerland and to be left att Mr. Ritchard Greesham marchants in kent County Myeryland In noth america. thes.*	*P.*	1/3
Mr. *Ezekiel Forman, Chester-Town,*	*P.*	1/3
Mr. *John Hawkins,* junr. *Patuxent,*	*N. Y.*	1/8
Mr. *Thomas King,* at Mr. *Tilghman*'s, in *Talbot,*	*N. Y.*	1/8
Rev. Mr. *Andrew Lendrum, Baltimore,*	*N. Y.*	1/8
Mr. *Isaac Morris, Snow-Hill,* [2 Letters.]	*V.*	5/8
Mr. *James Nicols, Charles-Town,*	*V.*	1/3
Mr. *Godwin Swift, Charles* County,	*P.*	1/7
Rev. *John Urquhart, St. Mary's.* [2 Letters.]	*V.*	2/6

A PARCEL of likely able NEGROES, Country-born, and well acquainted with Plantation-Business, to be Sold, and will be delivered in any Part of the Province. Enquire of the Printer for the Terms. p&p. P.D. 2/4

To all Sheriffs, Constables, and Others his Lordship's good Tenants.

WHEREAS Complaint is this Day made to me, one of the Justices of the Provincial Court, by *Colmore Beanes*, Sheriff of *Prince-George's* County, That in the Night of Wednesday the Ninth of this Instant *March*, the Goal of the said County was broke, and sundry Persons escaped thence, *viz. Philip Connelly* and *Aaron Holdsworth*, Deserters from *Fort-Frederick*, and advertised in the MARYLAND GAZETTE by Captain *Joshua Beall:* They answer the Description in the said Advertisement, except in their Dress: *Connelly* has a green Jacket without Sleeves; and *Holdsworth* a brown double-breasted Pea Jacket. Also *John Grimpshaw*, a tall slender Fellow, much pitted with the Small-Pox, his right Eye out: Had on an old dyed Cotton Coat and Breeches, an old blue Jacket, Yarn Stockings, good Shoes, and an old Felt Hat: He was committed last *November* for Stealing Goods out of several Stores at *Bladensburg*. And *Samuel Saibrie*, a tall slender Fellow: Had on an old brown Cloth Coat, with large Metal Buttons, an old Flannel Jacket, Yarn Stockings, good Shoes, and an old Felt Hat: He was committed in *February* last on Suspicion of breaking into Dr. *David Ross*'s Store at *Bladensburg*.

THESE are, therefore, in the Name of the Right Honourable the Lord Proprietary of this Province, to will and require you to make diligent Search, by Way of Hue and Cry, after the said Philip Connelly, Aaron Holdsworth, John Grimpshaw, *and* Samuel Saibrie; *and when you apprehend them, or any of them, that you convey them to the next Sheriff where they shall be apprehended, in order to be conveyed from Constable to Constable, who are hereby required to take Charge of them, till they be delivered to the said* Colmore Beanes. *Given under my Hand and Seal, this 10th Day of* March, 1757. J. HEPBURN.

The Subscriber promises to pay to any Person that apprehends the above *John Grimpshaw* and *Samuel Saibrie*, a Reward of Five Pounds Currency for each of them, and one Pistole for each of the above *Philip Connelly* and *Aaron Holdsworth*, if brought to *Upper-Marlborough*.

COLMORE BEANES, Sheriff of *Prince-George's* County.

THERE is at the Plantation of *Rezin Hammond*, at the *Bear-Grounds*, at *Elk-Ridge*, taken up as a Stray, a small Bay Horse, branded on the near Buttock T, his near hind Foot is white, and has a long Star in his Forehead.

The Owner may have him again, on proving his Property, and paying Charges.

1 pd.

TO BE SOLD,

On the 14th Day of April *next, at the Subscriber's House, at* West-River,

A LIKELY Country-born NEGRO BOY, a Parcel of good Houshold Furniture, Horses, Cattle, Remnants of a Cargo of Goods, such as Bombazeens, Allopeens, Blankets, and sundry other Articles too tedious to mention.

The Sale to begin at XII o'Clock.

ANNE CONNER, Administratrix to *John Conner*, deceased. pd 7/0

RAN away on the 6th of this Instant *March*, from the Subscriber, living at *London-Town*, a Convict Servant Man, named *Edward Merriott*, by Trade a Joyner, he is about 5 Feet 4 Inches high, much pitted with the Small-Pox, has a hoarse Way of Speaking, he is a well-set Fellow, has a very full red Face, like one that drinks hard, he is about 50 Years of Age, and has short black curl'd Hair. Had on when he went away, a blue Fearnought Jacket, much worn, another light colour'd Jacket lined with red, a Pair of grey Half-thick Breeches, light Yarn ribb'd Stockings, much darned, Country-made Shoes, an Osnabrigs Shirt, and an old Worsted Cap.

Whoever takes up the said Servant, and delivers him to the Subscriber, shall receive Twenty Shillings Reward, beside what the Law allows, and reasonable Charges. WILLIAM BROWN.

February 21, 1757.

RAN away from the Subscriber, a Negro Man, named *Lot*, about 30 Years of Age, his Knees incline together, his left Knee standing in somewhat more than the Right, and as he walks hath a Cast of his Head to the Left: Had on, a white Cotton Jacket, and an old blue Cloth one under it, a new Osnabrigs Shirt, white Cotton Breeches, coarse, thick, white Yarn Country Stockings, and a Pair of strong Country-made Shoes, with many Hob-Nails in the Soles.

He lately belonged to one Dr. *Piles*, living at *Pamunkey*, near *Patowmack*, and hath been seen at his late Master's, and in that Neighbourhood, since he ran away.

Whoever apprehends the said Negro, and brings him to *Queen-Anne*, shall receive THREE POUNDS Reward, paid by

CHARLES HAMMOND, junior.

THERE is at the Plantation of *Benjamin Kid Wilson*, living in the Fork of *Gunpowder*, in *Baltimore* County, taken up as a Stray, a Bay Horse, about 14½ Hands high, branded on the near Buttock with the Figure 4, he paces very well, and is shod before.

The Owner may have him again, on proving his Property, and paying Charges.

THERE is at the Plantation of *George Bramwell*, on *Chestnut-Ridge*, in *Baltimore* County, taken up as Strays,

A small Black Mare, with a few grey Hairs in her Forehead, and is dock'd; but has no perceivable Brand.

And, A small Bay Mare, two Years old; neither dock'd nor branded.

The Owners may have them again, on proving their Property, and paying Charges.

THERE is at the Plantation of *John Hughes*, living on *Great Seneca*, in *Frederick* County, taken up as a Stray, a Grey Horse 14 and ¾ Hands high, about 10 Years old, has a shuffling Pace, a bob Tail, branded on the near Shoulder with something like IH (join'd in one).

The Owner may have him again, on proving his Property, and paying Charges.

THERE is at the Plantation of *Silvanus Pumphrey*, in *Anne-Arundel* County, taken up as Strays,

A small Black Mare, with a Star in her Forehead, a hanging Mane, a short Sprig Tail, and paces slow; but has no perceivable Brand.

And a Grey Mare, with a hanging Mane and Sprig Tail, she paces slow, and has no discernable Brand. She had on a Bell. pd 5/0

The Owners may have them again, on proving their Property, and paying Charges.

THERE is at the Plantation of *Thomas Kirk*, near the *Sugar-Loaf-Mountain*, in *Frederick* County, taken up as a Stray, a small Black Gelding, one of his hind Feet is white, he is dock'd, but has no Brand that can be discern'd.

The Owner may have him again, on proving his Property, and paying Charges.

WILLIAM FARIS,

WATCH-MAKER, *from* PHILADELPHIA,

At his Shop near the Church, next Door to Mr. Wallace's, *in* Church-Street, ANNAPOLIS,

CLEANS and REPAIRS all Sorts of WATCHES and CLOCKS, as well and neat as can be done in any Part of *America:* And takes the ſame Prices for his Work as are taken in *Philadelphia*.

He alſo makes CLOCKS, either to Repeat or not, or to go either Eight Days or Thirty, as the Purchaſer ſhall fancy, as good as can be made in *London*, and at reaſonable Prices. And all Gentlemen who ſhall be pleaſed to employ him, may depend on having their Work done with all poſſible Diſpatch, by *Their humble Servant*,

WILLIAM FARIS.

JUST IMPORTED,

In the Sloop ANTHONY, *from* NEW-YORK, *now lying at* Kent-Iſland, JOHN ANDERSON *Commander, and to be Sold by the Subſcriber on board the ſaid Sloop, and at Mr.* Middleton's *in* Annapolis, *at very reaſonable Rates*,

CORNER CUP-BOARDS, Square Tables, Bureaus, Deſks, Card and Tea Tables, all made of Mahogany: Likewiſe, Loaf-Sugar, Powder Ditto, Coffee, Claret, Salt, and Rum.

GEORGE PATTEN.

DESERTED from *Fort-Frederick*, on the 22d of *February*, in the Evening, the two following Perſons, *viz.*

Philip Connelly, aged 28 Years, 5 Feet 10 Inches high, of a brown Complexion, and was born in *St. Mary's* County, *Maryland:* He had on when he went away, a red Coat and Breeches (the Sleeves of his Coat turn'd up with black) and white Metal Buttons, a new Felt Hat, and a new white Shirt; and is ſuppoſed to have carried another with him.

Aaron Holſworth, aged 20 Years, 5 Feet 3 Inches and ½ high, of a brown Complexion, a Cutler by Trade, was born in *England*, and ſerved his Time at Mr. *Snowden*'s Iron-Works: His Dreſs is the ſame with *Connelly*'s. They have carried their Arms with them.

Whoever will take up the ſaid Deſerters, and bring them to *Fort-Frederick*, or ſecure them ſo that they may be brought to the Fort, ſhall have a Piſtole Reward for each Man, paid by

JOSHUA BEALL.

DESERTED from a Recruiting Party at *Joppa*, in *Baltimore* County, belonging to the 44th Regiment, commanded by Major-General *Abercrombie*, the two following Soldiers, *viz.*

Morris Dickſon, 23 Years of Age, 5 Feet 10 Inches high, ſlender made, of a fair Complexion, thin Viſage, and was born near the Forks of *Patuxent*. And,

William Greenwood, 21 Years of Age, 5 Feet 9 Inches and ½ high, well-made, of a fair Complexion, has a round Face, and was born in *Prince-George's* County.

Whoever will take up the ſaid Deſerters, and bring them to *Annapolis*, or commit them to any Goal within this Province, and give Notice thereof to Lieutenant *Greenfield* at *Annapolis*, ſhall have Two Piſtoles Reward for each.

THERE is at the Plantation of *Philip Finck*, near *Kittockton* Creek, in *Frederick* County, taken up as Strays,

A low ſquat Bay Mare, branded M on the Shoulders and Buttocks, and is about 7 Years old.

And, A Black Mare Colt, about 2 Years old.

The Owner may have them again, on proving his Property, and paying Charges.

THERE is at the Plantation of *James Wilkinſon*, near Col. *Ridgely*'s, in *Baltimore* County, taken up as a Stray, a large Flea-bitten Mare, a natural Pacer, has a Scar on the off Side her under Lip, and branded on the near Shoulder HR, join'd in one.

The Owner may have her again, on proving his Property, and paying Charges.

THERE is in the Poſſeſſion of *John Fletchal*, at the *Sugar-Lands* in *Frederick* County, taken up as a Stray, a Bright Bay Horſe, about 12 Hands and ½ high, has a ſmall Star in his Face, and ſome Saddle Spots on his Back, is about 12 or 14 Years old, and branded on the off Buttock thus ∞ and on the near Buttock ſomething like an R. The Owner may have him again, on proving his Property, and paying Charges.

Annapolis, February 24, 1757.

NOTICE is hereby given, That the Subſcriber will give conſtant Attendance at his Office, in *Annapolis*, every Wedneſday and Thurſday, before the 10th of *April* next, to receive all Money due from the Inhabitants of *Anne-Arundel* County for Public Levies, *&c.* And as ſundry Perſons are indebted for Quit-Rents and the Land-Tax for the Year 1756, this is to deſire them to come and pay without Loſs of Time, which will prevent Expence and Trouble to themſelves. And all Perſons concerned are to take Notice, that the 25th Day of *March* is the Time appointed by Law to pay the Half Year's Land-Tax, as well as his Lordſhip's Quit-Rents; and the 29th of *September* for the other Half Year of each. Alſo all the Retailers and private Conſumers are deſired to take Notice, that they are required by Law to make Payment by the 20th Day of *March* next. Compliance with the above, will greatly oblige

JOHN RAITT, Sheriff, Collector and Receiver of *Anne-Arundel* County.

ALL Perſons who have any Claims againſt the Eſtate of Mr. *Humphry Batt*, late of *Prince-George's* County, deceaſed, are deſired to bring them in, that they may be adjuſted and paid: And all Perſons indebted to the ſaid Eſtate, are deſired to make ſpeedy Payment, to

3 JAMES TRUMAN GREENFIELD, Executor.

Somerſet County, *February* 17, 1757.

COMMITTED to my Cuſtody, and now in the Goal of this County, a Man who ſays his Name is *Thomas Buda*, and confeſſes that he is a Deſerter from the Regiment late *Dunbar*'s.

3 WILLIAM ALLEN, Sheriff.

THE Second Edition, of a VOYAGE into the SOUTH SEAS (advertiſed in the *Philadelphia* Papers laſt Summer) is now Printed, and the Books are Binding: And as there are ſome few Copies more Printed, than are ſubſcribed for, thoſe who are inclinable, may yet ſubſcribe, either with the Author, JOHN BULKELEY, Gunner of the *Wager* Man of War when ſhe was loſt, or at the PRINTING-OFFICE in *Annapolis*. The Price a Dollar, one Half at ſubſcribing, the other at the Delivery of the Book. In this ſecond Edition, there is about 130 Pages more than were in the Firſt, never before Publiſhed.

N. B. None will be to diſpoſe of but what are ſubſcribed for.

Alexandria, February 11, 1757

For SALE,

FOUR CARRIAGE GUNS, Six Pounders. Any Perſon that inclines to purchaſe, may know the Terms by applying to

WILLIAM RAMSAY.

Queen's-Town, February 8, 1757.

ALL Perſons who have any juſt Claims againſt the Eſtate of Capt. *David Alexander*, late of *Talbot* County, deceaſed, are deſired to bring in their Accounts, that they may be adjuſted: And all Perſons who are indebted to the ſaid Eſtate, are deſired to make ſpeedy Payment, to

5 ANTHONY M'CULLOCH, Adminiſtrator.

THE Subſcriber intending for *London* the enſuing Summer, requeſts all Perſons indebted to him to come and make Payment, or ſettle their Accounts by Note, or Bond: And thoſe who have any juſt Demands againſt him, are deſired to come and receive Payment of the ſame.

6 JAMES WARDROP.

Charles Dutens, Jeweller,

From *LONDON*,

Has Removed from Market-ſtreet, *to the* RING and DOVE, *in* Second-ſtreet, *Oppoſite to the Sign of the* George *near* Arch-ſtreet, *PHILADELPHIA*,

CONTINUES to make all Sorts of JEWELLER's WORK; and having procured Workmen of different Branches, ſuch as Snuff-Box-Maker, Watch-Caſes, all Sorts of Trinkets, Chaſing and Lapidary Work; and having likewiſe purchaſed various Kinds of *Florida* Shells, Tortoiſe, and *Panama*, fit for Snuff-Boxes, any Gentlemen deſiring it, may be ſupplied with curious and humorous Emblems, with Mottos engraved on the ſaid Shell-Boxes. Thoſe Gentlemen and Ladies, who are pleaſed to favour him with their Cuſtom, may depend on Care and Diſpatch, by

Their humble Servant,

CHARLES DUTENS.

N. B. He gives the beſt Price for white, purple, and brown Chryſtal, or any other precious Stones, as Diamonds, Rubies, Emeralds, *&c.*

TO BE SOLD,

A Well-fitted SCHOONER, about Three Years old, which will carry about 2250 Buſhels of Grain.

Any Perſons inclinable to Purchaſe, may apply to *Stephen Steward* at *Weſt-River*, or *Colmore Beanes* at *Nottingham*.

Alexandria, January 16, 1757.

WANTED,

A SLOOP or SCHOONER, (rather the latter) that will carry about 4000 Buſhels of Grain. We would not chooſe her to be above a Year old. Or, we would willingly purchaſe a HULL now on the Stocks, and near finiſhed.

Any Perſon having ſuch to Diſpoſe of may apply to CARLYLE *and* DALTON.

Alexandria, January 15, 1757.

A PERSON that underſtands MINING, and will produce Credentials of his Capacity and Integrity, may meet with Employ in a Copper-Mine, by Application to

WILLIAM RAMSAY.

To be SOLD by the SUBSCRIBER,

A TRACT of LAND, ſituate about 3 Miles from *Annapolis*, on the North Side of *Severn*, containing 673 Acres, having a fine Branch running thro' it for near a Mile, very fit for Meadow Land, and about 200 of it good Wood Land. There is on the Plantation a good Dwelling-Houſe, built on a riſing Ground, with four Rooms on a Floor, a Barn, Stable, Smoke Houſe, Hen Houſe, *&c.* a very good Garden, paled Yard, and a good ſtoned Well; and a very good Orchard: The Title is indiſputable.

The Purchaſer may have Time for Payment of Part of the Purchaſe-Money, on giving Security, if required. For Terms apply to

JOHN CAMPBELL.

N. B. The Purchaſer may likewiſe be ſupply'd with Stock of all Kinds, and Plantation Utenſils.

Likewiſe to be Sold by ſaid *Campbell* a Houſe and Lot in *Annapolis*, near to *Severn* Ferry, where he lately lived, with a good Cellar, Kitchen, Smoke Houſe, Stable, Hen Houſe, and Garden.

JOHN BENNETT, in ANNAPOLIS, ſells all Sorts of manufactured TOBACCO, in ſmall or large Quantities.

ANNAPOLIS: Printed by JONAS GREEN, POST-MASTER, at his OFFICE in *Charles-ſtreet*; by whom all Perſons may be ſupplied with this GAZETTE, at 12*s.* 6*d. per* Year. ADVERTISEMENTS of a moderate Length are taken in and inſerted for Five Shillings the firſt Week, and One Shilling each Week after the Firſt.